Understanding Taxes



Theme 3: Fairness in Taxes



The taxpayer—that's someone who works for the federal government but doesn't have to take the civil service examination.

- President Ronald Reagan



Fairness and Taxation



How to Measure Tax Fairness

- Ability to Pay
- Benefits
 Received



Ability to Pay





Taxes and Benefits Received



Regressive Taxes

Everyone pays the same fixed amount







User Fees

• Fund public services



Progressive Taxes

Higher Income = Higher Taxes





Tax Brackets

U.S. Tax Brackets - 2011	
Single Taxpayer	Rate
\$0-\$8,500	10%
\$8,500-\$34,500	15%
\$34,500-\$83,600	25%
\$83,600-\$174,400	28%
\$174,400-\$379,150	33%
\$379,150-and above	35%



Wealth and Income

- Wealth: houses, cars, stocks, savings
- Income: wages, interest









Proportional Tax

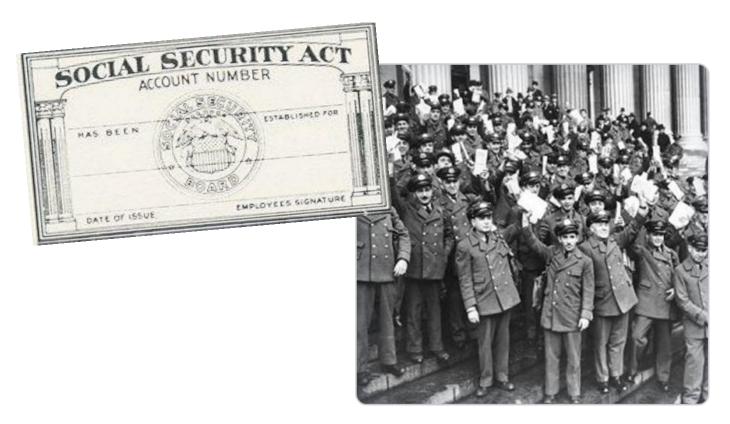








FICA & Social Security

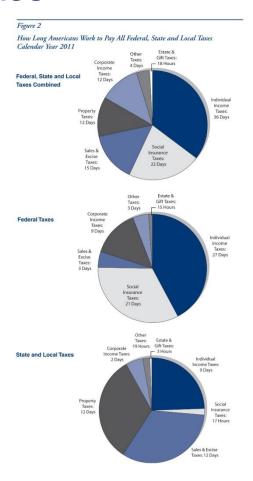


Sales Tax Holiday





Fairness in taxes



Tax Freedom Day

